

Олимпиада на кубок главы города 2019

Очный тур

5 класс

I. LISTENING

Listen to the excursion about the Jefferson History Museum and fill the information table. Write your answers on the answer sheet

You can see:	
1. Main floor:	
2. Upstairs left:	
3. Upstairs right:	
4. Price of guidebook	
5. Closing time	
6. The task of the staff members	

II. WRITING

Now Use the information from the table and write an article about the Jefferson History Museum for the tourist booklet. Write 80-100 words. Use the "Writing blank" for this task

III. READING+VOCABULARY

Read the text and fill each gap with one of these words:

Write your answers on the answer sheet

<i>Choice stuck century crashes huge person way timetable too race</i>

The Road To Run

The M25, the motorway around London opened in 1986. Today people call it the "biggest car park in Europe. Every morning on the radio we hear about jams, and road repairs, and (7) -----, and which parts of the M25 to avoid. One day soon we will hear "There is a traffic jam all the (8) ----- round the M25 in both directions. If you are driving to work, we advise you to go back home."

Winston Churchill described the car as the curse of the twentieth (9) ----- . This will probably be true of the next century, (10) ----- . It can be very funny to compare advertisements for cars with the reality of driving them.

Cars are symbols of freedom, wealth, and masculinity. But when you are (11) ----- in a traffic jam, all cars are just little metal boxes to sit in.

Cities and towns all over the world have a (12) ----- problem, and no government really knows what to do. For once it is not a matter of technology which is stopping us. If we want to build two-level roads, we can do it. If we want trains which can travel at hundreds of miles an hour, we can build them.

The problem is a question of principle. Should we look to road or rail for our transport needs? Should the Government, or private companies, control them? And either way, who should pay?

The people who believe in roads say that cars represent a personal (13) ----- to travel when and where you want to. But on trains and buses - public transport — you have to travel when the (14) ----- says you can.

These people think that if you build more roads, the traffic will move more quickly, but research shows that if there are more roads, there will be more cars to fill them. By 2020, the number of cars on our roads will double. Environmentalists are saying that we should put more money into public transport.

Cars often carry just one (15) ----- . If the public transport system works, more people will use it. If trains carry more people, the roads won't be so crowded, and cars pollute the air more than trains. One characteristic of the people of the twentieth century is that we are a (16) ----- on the move. But it is just possible that soon we won't be able to move another inch, and we'll have to stay exactly where we are!

IV. READING Read the text again and choose the right answer for the statements. Write your answers as letters on the answer sheet

17. The motorway M25 was opened.....
- a) at the beginning of the 20th century
 - b) more than 30 years ago
 - c) at the turn of the century

18. Winston Churchill thought..... a) cars were an awful invention
b) cars were absolutely necessary
c) cars would make our life perfect
19. Cities and towns nowadays have a problem of..... a) slow road repairs
b) shortage of roads
c) traffic jams
20. For many people using public transport is not comfortable because of.....
a) the route buses and trains follow
b) their low speed
c) the inconvenient timetable
21. It's better to use trains than cars because..... a) they are more environmentally friendly
b) they are faster
c) they run on the rails

V. **GRAMMAR**

Read the sentences below and change them so that new sentences have the same meaning but with the word in bold present. You can't change the word given. Write only the missing part of the sentences on the Answer Sheet. Your answers should have from TWO to FIVE words.

22. Riding a bike without a helmet is dangerous.

It _____ a bike without a helmet. **TO**

23. Pete couldn't walk until he was two.

Pete _____ until he was two. **ABLE**

24. It is my first visit to the National Gallery.

I _____ to the National Gallery before. **NEVER**

25. When Simon was small, he ate porridge for breakfast.

Simon _____ porridge for breakfast when he was small. **USED**

26. Mark couldn't reach the shelf.

Mark _____ reach the shelf. **ABLE**

27. "You should stop eating junk food", my friend said to me.

My friend _____ junk food. **ADVISED**

28. Alexander Bell invented the telephone.

The telephone _____ Alexander Bell. **BY**

COUNTRY STUDY

- VI. *Form as many names of the UK towns as you can using the following part of the words in two columns. Write your answers as words on the answer sheet*

29.	Bel	don
30.	Edin	ford
31.	Car	ton
32.	Strat	burgh
33.	Lon	fast
34.	Brigh	ford
35.	Ox	diff

VII. Choose the right answer. Write your answers as letters on the answer sheet

36. The UK consists ofcountries.

- a) 3 b) 4 c) 5

37. The Parliament of the UK works in

- a) Westminster Abbey b) Westminster Palace c) Buckingham Palace

38. A double-decker is.....

- a) a ship b) a train c) a bus

39. The Queen lives in

- a) The Tower of London b) Westminster Palace c) Buckingham Palace

40. Now the Tower of London is.....

- a) a museum b) a palace c) a church